GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
TEXTILES
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:888
ANSWERED ON:24.02.2006
TEXTILE EXPORT
Paraste Shri Dalpat Singh

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the countries to which textile export has been made by India alongwith the quantity and value thereof during the last three years till date, year-wise;

(b) the details of foreign exchange earned thereby; and

(c) the names of the Textile producing States and the steps taken to increase the Textile exports?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI E.V.K.S. ELANGOVAN)

(a) & (b) : India's textile items are exported to more than hundred countries of the world. A Statement showing year-wise and value-wise textile exports to top 20 countries is attached.

(c) : Most of the Indian states and Union Territories are producing textile items. Government has been taking a number of steps from time to time to strengthen Indian textile industry for meeting the growing global competition. Some of the important initiatives taken are:

i) 100% Foreign Direct Investment is allowed in the textile sector under the automatic route.

ii) The Government has de-reserved the readymade garments, hosiery and knitwear from the SSI sector.

iii) The Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS) has been made operational from 1-4-1999 to facilitate the modernisation and upgradation of the sector.

iv) To improve the productivity and quality of cotton, Government has launched Technology Mission on Cotton (TMC). The mission comprises four mini-missions, which are being jointly implemented by the Ministry of Agriculture and Ministry of Textiles. One of the important ingredients of the Mission is to improve cotton processing facilities by upgrading/modernizing the existing ginning and pressing facilities and setting up of new market yards/improvement of existing market yards.

v) Ministry of Textiles has recast the Textile Centres Infrastructure Development Scheme (TCIDS) and Apparel Parks for Exports Scheme (APES) for speeding up the implementation of the Schemes and to actualize the vision of attaining export target of $50 billion by 2010. This scheme is based on Public − Private Partnership (PPP) and envisages engaging of a professional agency for project execution.

vi) The fiscal duty structure has been generally rationalised to achieve growth and maximum value addition within the country. Except for mandatory excise duty on man-made filament yarns and man-made staple fibres, the whole value addition chain has been given excise exemption option.

vii) The imports of specified textiles and garment machinery items has been allowed at concessional rate of customs duty to encourage investments and to make our textile products competitive in the global market. The cost of machinery has also been reduced through fiscal policy measures.

viii) Duty-free imports of 21 items of trimmings and embellishment items are allowed to the garment exporters, upto 3% of their actual export performance during the previous year.

ix) For speedy modernisation of the textile processing sector, Government has introduced w.e.f 20.4.2005, a credit linked capital subsidy scheme @10% under TUFS in addition to the existing 5% interest reimbursement.

x) National Institute for Fashion Technology (NIFT), its seven branches and Apparel Training & Design Centres (ATDCs) are running various courses/programmes to meet skilled manpower requirements of textile industry especially apparel in the field of design, merchandising and marketing.

xi) Facilities by way of eco-testing laboratories have been created to enable exporters to get the garments/textiles pre-tested for

conforming to the requirements of importing countries.

Statement referred to in parts (a) & (b) of the reply to the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No.888 for 24.2.2006 Countrywise Total Textile Export (including RMG) (Chapter 50 to 63) (Value Mn. Us $)

Sr No	Country	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006(Apr-Aug` 05)
1	U S A	2908.34	2931.82	3231.99	1542.95
2	U K	833.14	922.64	995.36	519.87
3	GERMAN F REP	745.46	829.33	0.00	393.83
4	U ARAB EMTS	804.95	1121.09	1079.03	338.48
5	FRANCE	519.72	589.87	618.60	289.16
6	ITALY	429.61	537.74	624.95	280.01
7	SPAIN	277.34	335.19	381.59	204.60
8	SAUDI ARAB	250.26	320.73	326.72	142.22
9	CANADA	369.05	350.54	343.52	137.80
10	NETHERLAND	283.95	291.74	263.81	126.15
11	BANGLADESH	192.47	269.52	272.18	111.86
12	JAPAN	235.40	244.64	216.75	103.40
13	BELGIUM	216.40	215.97	230.90	102.01
14	TURKEY	143.57	217.64	222.34	94.10
15	CHINA P RP	81.22	142.97	117.32	93.46
16	KOREA RP	203.52	249.88	182.42	80.19
17	DENMARK	94.56	123.26	132.56	75.04
18	EGYPT A RP	90.89	121.63	131.15	66.09
19	SRI LANKA	140.08	182.03	157.67	59.56
20	AUSTRALIA	136.19	130.51	137.78	58.07
21	OTHER COUNTRIES	2932.02	3386.95	3857.23	1187.63
	World Total	11888.14	13515.69	13523.87	6006.48

Source : Monthly Statistics of the Foreign Trade of India. DGCIS, Kolkata.